

AUTOMETERS

SYSTEMS



HORIZON
Energy Monitoring and Invoicing

HORIZON SYSTEM METER HT-1095

Multi Function , Multi Tariff , MID Approved. Autometers Modbus V6.

Contents

Introduction	1
1. Unit characteristics	2
1.1 Measuring and display	2
1.2 Password protection	2
1.3 CT and PT	2
1.4 RS485 Serial Modbus RTU	2
1.5 Pulse output	2
2. Start up screens	3
3. Keys and displays	3
3.1 Button functions	3
3.2 Display mode screen sequence	4
3.3 Individual harmonic distortion	6
4. Display information	7
5. programming the meter	8
5.1 Password entry	9
5.2 Communication	9
5.2.1 Address	9
5.2.2 Baud rate	10
5.2.3 Parity	10
5.3 C.T. (Current Transformer)	10
5.3.1 C.T.2 (Current Transformer)	10
5.3.2 C.T. rate (Current Transformer)	10
5.3.3 Example of a meter set at 200/5amp	11
5.4 P.T. (Voltage Supply)	11
5.4.1 P.T.2 (Voltage Supply)	11
5.4.2 P.T.1 rate (Primary Voltage)	11
5.5 Pulse	12
5.5.1 Pulse output 1	12
5.5.2 Pulse rate	12
5.5.3 Pulse duration	13
5.6 Demand	13
5.6.1 Demand interval time	13
5.6.2 Demand method	13
5.7 Back light display time setting	14
5.7.1 Backlight time	14
5.7.2 Display scroll time	14
5.7.3 Set system RTC & time	14
5.7.4 Set tariff	15
5.8 System (network connection)	15
5.8.1 System network	16
5.8.2 System connect (C.T correction)	16
5.8.3 Change password	17
5.8.4 Automatic display control	17
5.9 Parameter reset	18
5.10 Meter programming check	18
6. Specification	19
6.1 Measured parameters	19
6.1.1 Voltage and current	19
6.1.2 Power factor and frequency maximum demand	19
6.1.3 Energy measurements	19
6.1.4 Accuracy	19
6.1.5 Display	19
6.1.6 Pulse output	20
6.1.7 Modbus RTU	20
6.1.8 Dimensions and material	20
6.2 Environment	20
7. Maintenance	21
8. Installation	21
8.1 Safety	21
9. Electrician	21
10. EMC requirements	21
11. Dimensions	22
12. Wiring diagram	23
13. Metal enclosures for the HT-1095	24
14. Sealing points	24
15. The Horizon Energy Monitoring System with the HT-1095	25

Introduction

The HT-1095 is a multifunction energy analyzer and is the latest in a new generation of MID approved intelligent panel meters used not only in the electricity transmission and power distribution system, but also in the power consumption measurement and analysis in high voltage intelligent power grid.

The HT-1095 is capable of measuring electricity in one phase two wire, three phase three wire or three phase four wire electrical systems.

The meter is a 96 x 96mm panel mounted meter designed to be easy to use and easy to read, the meter comes with five control buttons for scrolling and programming with a large back light display for ease of reading. See picture opposite.

The meter displays the following information: Voltage, Frequency, Current, Power active and reactive energy, imported or exported, Power factor, Max. Demand and Harmonics distortion measurement on current and voltage to the 63rd.

Energy is measured in terms of kWh, kVarh. Maximum demand current can be measured over preset periods of up to 60minutes. In order to measure energy the unit requires voltage and current inputs.

The HT-1095 is a 1 amp or 5 amp current operating measuring device and can only work with current transformers. Due to the design of the HT-1095 it is fully programmable via the front keys to enable a wide range of settings to match any current transformer manufactured.



The Information Centre can be supplied with a pulse Output or Autometers RS 485 Modbus protocol v.6. Configuration is password protected.

This document provides operating, maintenance and installation instructions for the Autometers HT-1095.



I. Unit Characteristics

1. 1 The Unit can measure and display:

- Line voltage and THD% (total harmonic distortion) of all phases
- 2~63rd voltage IHD% (Individual Harmonic distortion) of all phases
- Line Frequency
- Currents, Current demands and current THD% of all phases
- 2~63rd current IHD% of all phases
- Active power, reactive power, apparent power, maximum power demand and power factor
- Active energy imported and exported
- Reactive energy imported and exported
- Energy of each phase

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The HT-1095 is a MID approved panel meter, once you have altered any of the parameters e.g. Current transformer ratio or voltage ratio and you have come out of the programming mode you cannot alter them again.

This rule does not apply to the Modbus settings.

1.2 The unit has password-protected set-up screens for:

- Communication setting: Modbus address, Baud rate, Parity, Stop bit
- CT setting: CT (Primary) , CT2 (Secondary), CT rate
- PT setting: PT (Primary), PT2 (Secondary) , PT rate
- Pulse setting: Pulse output 1, Pulse rate, Pulse time
- Demand setting: Demand interval time, demand method
- Time setting: Backlit time, display scroll time
- Multiple tariff settings
- System configuration: System type, System connect, Change password, Auto display scroll
- Reset

1.3 CT and PT

CT (primary current) 1~2000A

CT2 (secondary current): 1A or 5A

PT (primary voltage): 1~2000V

PT2 (secondary voltage): 100 to 480 V AC (L-L)

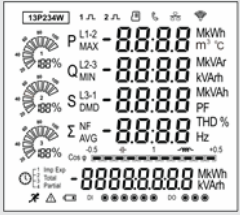


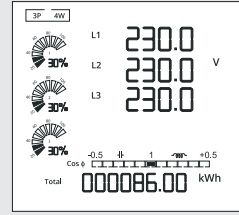
1.4 RS485 Serial-Modbus RTU

This unit uses a RS485 serial port with Modbus RTU protocol to provide a means of remote monitoring and controlling. Please check section 5.2 for the details of setting.

1.5 Pulse output






Two pulse outputs indicate real-time energy measurement. Pulse output 1 is configurable, pulse output 2 is fixed to active energy, 3200imp/kWh.

2. Start up screens



			
<p>The first screen lights all LED segments and can be used as a display LED check</p>	<p>The second screen indicates the software version of the unit. (the above picture is just for reference)</p>	<p>The unit performs a self-test and the screen indicates if the test is passed.</p>	<p>After a short delay, the default measurement screen appears.</p>



3. Keys and Displays


3.1 Button Functions

Button	Click	Press and hold down for 3 seconds
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Display power, voltage, current and energy information of each phase ■ Escape the menu 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Automatic Scroll display ON / OFF
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Display voltage and current information of the selected system type. (3p4w, 3p3w and 1p2w) ■ Left side move 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Individual Harmonic Distortion of Voltage up to 63rd
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Display power factor, frequency, Max. Demand. Maximum and Minimum value. ■ Up page or add value 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Individual Harmonic Distortion of Current up to 63rd
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Display active power, reactive power and apparent power information of the selected system type. ■ Down page or reduce value 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Modbus ID ■ Baud rate ■ Parity ■ Identification code ■ Running hours ■ Full screen
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Display import / export active or reactive energy information of the selected system type. ■ Right side move 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Set-up mode entry ■ Confirmation

3.2 Display Mode Screen Sequence


Click button	3 Phase 4 Wire		3 Phase 3 Wire		1 Phase 2 Wire	
	Screen	Parameters	Screen	Parameters	Screen	Parameters
	1	Phase 1 – Power Voltage Current kWh	1	Phase 1 – Power Current kWh	1	Phase 1 – Power Voltage Current kWh
	2	Phase 2 – Power Voltage Current kWh	2	Phase 2 – Power Current kWh		
	3	Phase 3 – Power Voltage Current kWh	3	Phase 3 – Power Current kWh		
	4	Phase 1 – Power Voltage Current kVarh	4	Phase 1 – Power Current kVarh	2	Phase 1 – Power Voltage Current kVarh
	5	Phase 2 – Power Voltage Current kVarh	5	Phase 2 – Power Current kVarh		
	6	Phase 3 – Power Voltage Current kVarh	6	Phase 3 – Power Current kVarh		
	1	Voltage L1-N Voltage L2-N Voltage L3-N			1	Voltage L1-N
	2	Voltage L1-L2 Voltage L2-L3 Voltage L3-L1	1	Voltage L1-L2 Voltage L2-L3 Voltage L3-L1		
	3	Current L1 Current L2 Current L3 Current Neutral	2	Current L1 Current L2 Current L3	2	Current L1
	4	THD% of Voltage L1 THD% of Voltage L2 THD% of Voltage L3	3	THD% of Voltage L1-2 THD% of Voltage L2-3 THD% of Voltage L3-1	3	THD% of Voltage L1
	5	THD% of Current L1 THD% of Current L2 THD% of Current L3	4	THD% of Current L1 THD% of Current L2 THD% of Current L3	4	THD% of Current L1
	6	Phase Sequence	5	Phase Sequence		

Click button	3 Phase 4 Wire		3 Phase 3 Wire		1 Phase 2 Wire	
	Screen	Parameters	Screen	Parameters	Screen	Parameters
	1	Total Power Factor Frequency	1	Total Power Factor Frequency	1	Total Power Factor Frequency
	2	PF L1 PF L2 PF L3	2	PF L1 PF L2 PF L3		
	3	Max. DMD of Current L1 Max. DMD of Current L2 Max. DMD of Current L3	3	Max. DMD of Current L1 Max. DMD of Current L2 Max. DMD of Current L3	2	Max. DMD of Current L1
	4	Max. DMD of W Max. DMD of Var Max. DMD of VA	4	Max. DMD of W Max. DMD of Var Max. DMD of VA	3	L1 Max. DMD of W L1 Max. DMD of Var L1 Max. DMD of VA
	5	Max. Voltage of L1 Max. Voltage of L2 Max. Voltage of L3	5	Max. Voltage of L1-2 Max. Voltage of L2-3 Max. Voltage of L3-1	4	Max. Voltage of L1
	6	Min. Voltage of L1 Min. Voltage of L2 Min. Voltage of L3	6	Min. Voltage of L1-2 Min. Voltage of L2-3 Min. Voltage of L3-1	5	Min. Voltage of L1
	7	Max. Current of L1 Max. Current of L2 Max. Current of L3 Max. Current of N	7	Max. Current of L1 Max. Current of L2 Max. Current of L3 Max. Current of N	6	Max. Current of L1
	8	Min. Current of L1 Min. Current of L2 Min. Current of L3 Min. Current of N	8	Min. Current of L1 Min. Current of L2 Min. Current of L3 Min. Current of N	7.	Min. Current of L1
	1	Active Power L1 Active Power L2 Active Power L3	1	Active Power L1 Active Power L2 Active Power L3		
	2	Reactive Power L1 Reactive Power L2 Reactive Power L3	2	Reactive Power L1 Reactive Power L2 Reactive Power L3		
	3	Apparent Power L1 Apparent Power L2 Apparent Power L3	3	Apparent Power L1 Apparent Power L2 Apparent Power L3		
	4	Total Active Power Total Reactive Power Total Apparent Power	4	Total Active Power Total Reactive Power Total Apparent Power	1	L1 Active Power L1 Reactive Power L1 Apparent Power

Click button	3 Phase 4 Wire		3 Phase 3 Wire		1 Phase 2 Wire	
	Screen	Parameters	Screen	Parameters	Screen	Parameters
	1	Import kWh	1	Import kWh	1	Import kWh
	2	Export kWh	2	Export kWh	2	Export kWh
	3	Import kVarh	3	Import kVarh	3	Import kVarh
	4	Export KVarh	4	Export KVarh	4	Export KVarh
	5	T1 import kWh	5	T1 import kWh	5	T1 import kWh
	6	T2 import kWh	6	T2 import kWh	6	T2 import kWh
	7	T3 import kWh	7	T3 import kWh	7	T3 import kWh
	8	T4 import kWh	8	T4 import kWh	8	T4 import kWh
	9	Date	9	Date	9	Date
	10	Time	10	Time	10	Time


3.3 Individual Harmonic Distortion:



Press the button  for 3 seconds to check Harmonic distortion of voltage

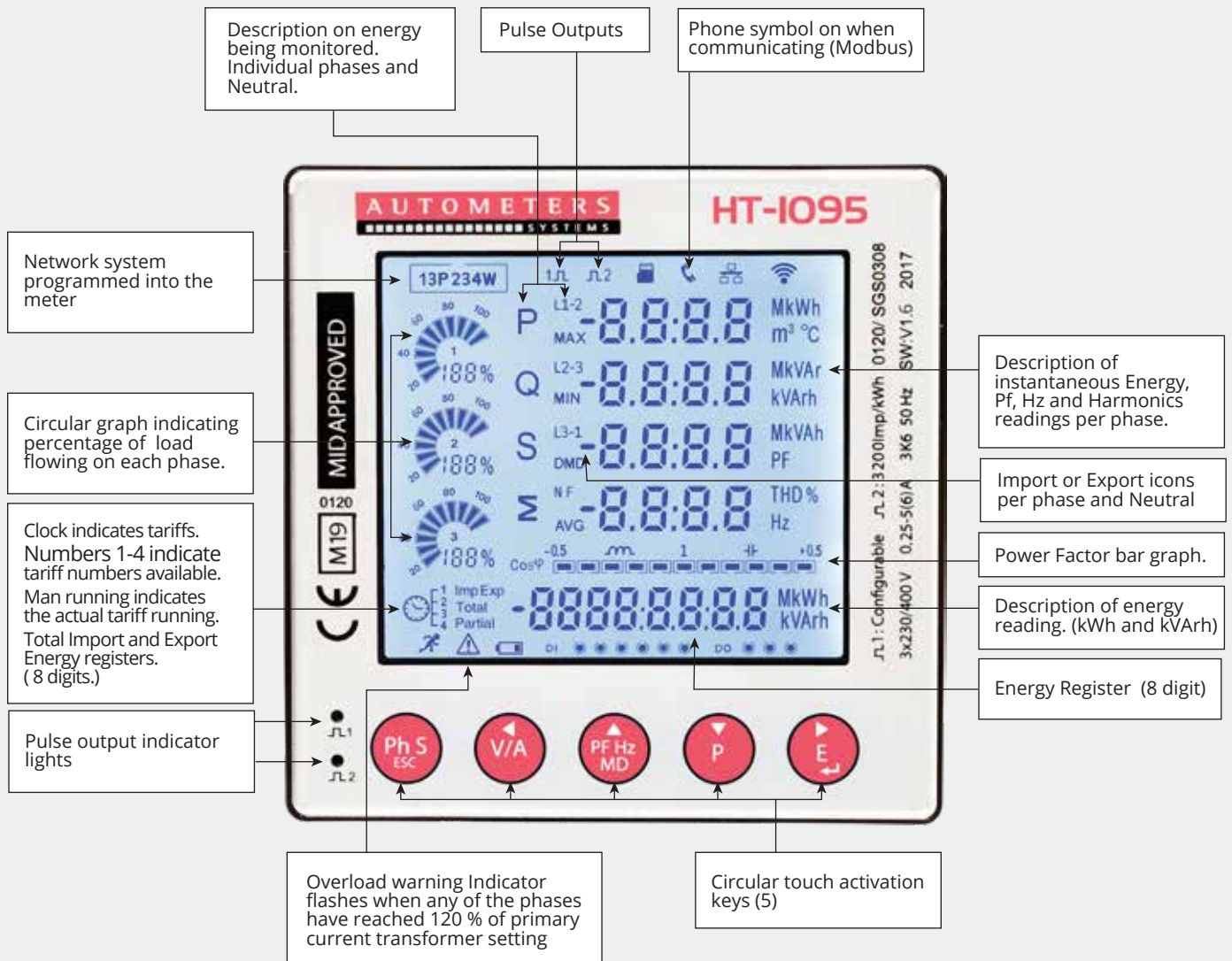
2~63rd Harmonic distortion of voltage



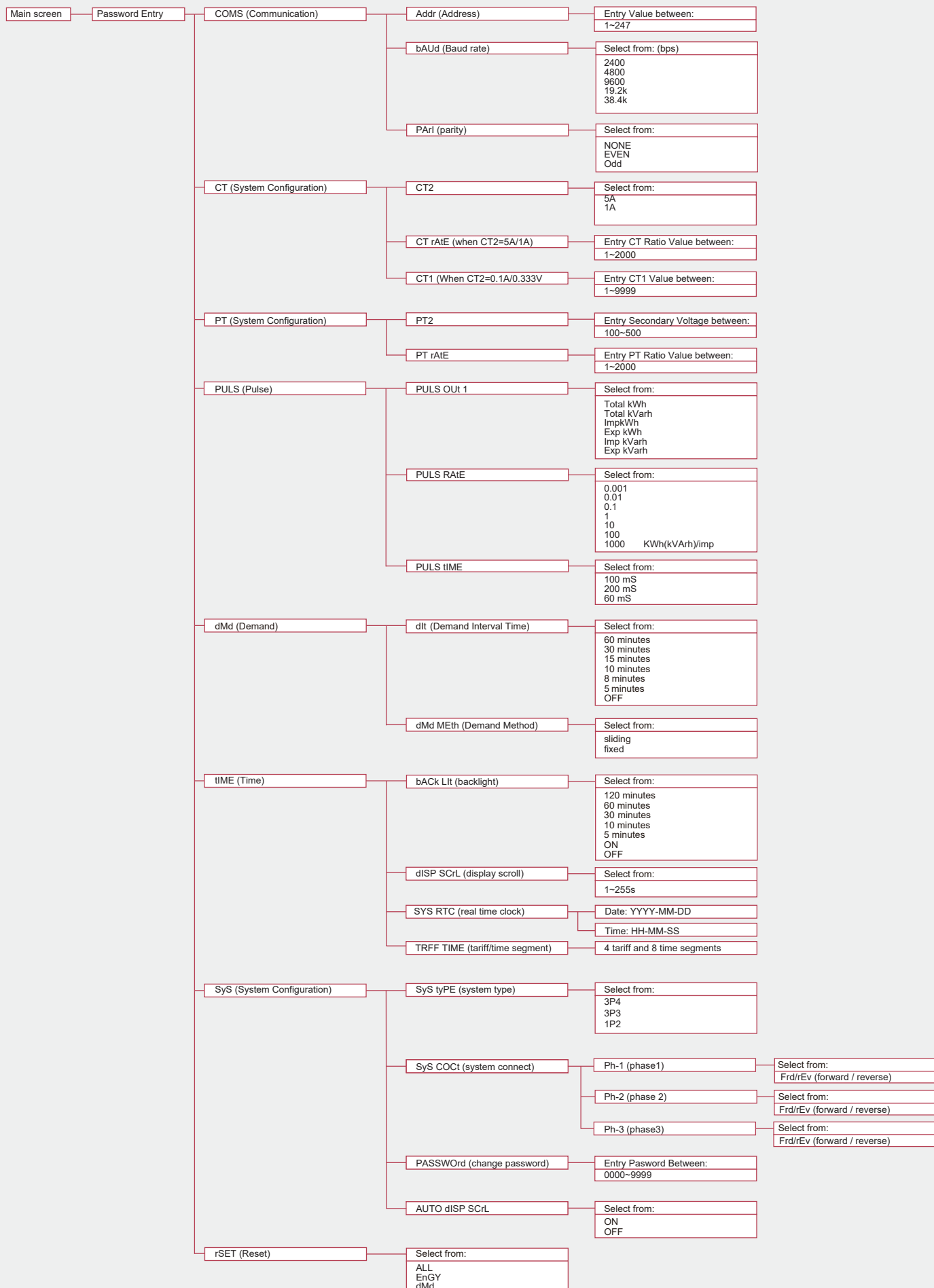
Press the button  for 3 seconds to check Harmonic distortion of current

2~63rd Harmonic distortion of current

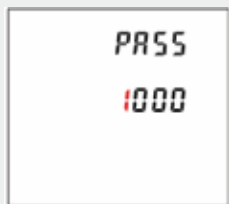
4. Display information




5. Programming the meter



5.1 Password Entry



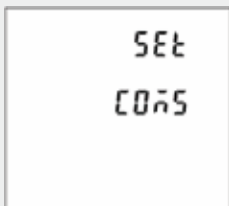
Setting-up mode is password protected, so you must enter the correct password.

By firmly pressing the button  for 3 seconds, the password screen appears.


The default password is 1000.

If an incorrect password is entered, the display shows ERR.

5.2 Communication



The RS485 port can be used for communications using Modbus RTU protocol. Parameters such as Address, Baud rate and Parity can be selected.

Long press  to enter the Address option.


5.2.1 Address



An RS485 network can accommodate up to 247 different devices, each identified by an individual address.

The Modbus address range on the HT-1095 is between 001~247

Default setting from Autometers is 001

Long press  to enter the selection routine.

The address setting will flash. Use  and  to increment or reduce the number.

Long press  for confirmation.


5.2.2 Baud rate



Baud rate options: 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 (bps).

Default: 9600bps

From the Set-up menu, Use  and  to select the Baud rate options.

Long press  to enter the selection routine.

The Baud Rate setting will flash. Use  and  to choose Baud Rate.

And long press  for confirmation

5.2.3 Parity



Parity Options: NONE, EVEN, ODD.
Default Parity : EVEN

From the Set-up menu, Use and to select the Parity options.

Long Press to enter the selection routine.

The Parity setting will flash. Use and to choose Parity.

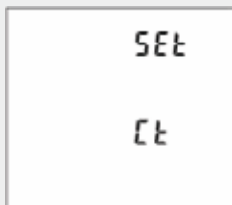
Example shows:
Set Parity: EVEN



And long press for confirmation.

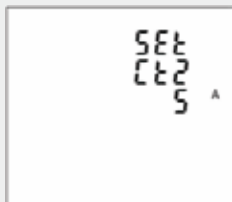
Press to return the main set up menu.

5.3 C.T. (Current Transformer)



From the main Set-up menu, Use and to select the CT option.

5.3.1 C.T.2 (Current Transformer)



Set C.T.2 secondary current input.
Options: 5A or 1A
Default CT2: 5A

Long press to enter the CT2 routine.

Long press , the CT2 setting will flash.

Use and to choose CT2 with 5A or 1A.

5.3.2 C.T. Rate (Current Transformer)



To set the primary current ratio in the meter you must program the divider into the meter. e.g. to set 200/5 amp input "0040" (Divide the primary by 5) 5 amp being the secondary of the c.t. see section 5.3.3 for the table.

Options: 1~2000
Default CT rate 1. (New Ratio Must Be Programmed Into The Meter)

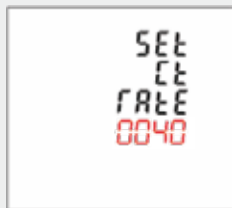
Long press to enter the CT Rate routine.

long press , the CT rate setting will flash.

Use and to choose CT rate with 1~2000.

And long press for confirmation

5.3.3. Example of meter settings



Example of meter set at 200/5 amp
Example of how the display should look for a meter programmed to 200/5 amp. See table for more settings.

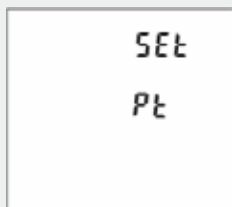


Example of meter set at 200/1 amp
Example of how the display should look for a meter programmed to 200/1 amp. See table for more settings.


C.T Primary	Number to program into the meter
100/5	0020
150/5	0030
200/5	0040
250/5	0050
300/5	0060
400/5	0080
500/5	0100
600/5	0120
800/5	0160

C.T Primary	Number to program into the meter
100/1	0100
150/1	0150
200/1	0200
250/1	0250
300/1	0300
400/1	0400
500/1	0500
600/1	0600
800/1	0800

5.4 P.T. (Voltage Supply)



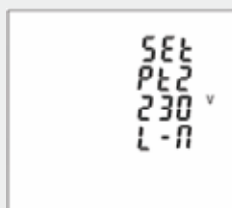
The meter has been designed to work in 3 phase 4 wire or a 3 phase 3 wire network and this requires a primary and secondary voltage ratio input. The default is a 3 phase 4 wire configuration.

Long press  to enter the PT2 routine.

For example:

A 3 phase 3 wire, 11000/110 Volt configuration:
Set the secondary (P.T.2) to 110 and the "RATE" (P.T.1 multiplier) to 100.
(110 X 100 = 11,000)

5.4.1 P.T.2 (voltage supply)




Set secondary voltage input the meter
Range: 100V ~ 480V
Default: 230V (L-N)


Long press  for confirmation.

5.4.2 P.T.1 (Primary Voltage)




Set primary voltage input the meter
Range: 1V ~ 2000V
Default: 1

Then press  to enter the PT1 routine.

Long press , the PT1 setting will flash.

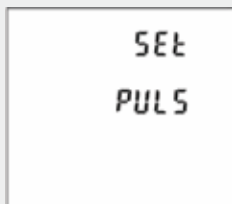
Use  or ,  to select PT1.

Long press  for confirmation.

Press  to return the PT set up menu.

5.5 Pulse

This option allows you to configure the pulse output. The output can be set to provide a pulse for a defined amount of energy active or reactive.



This option sets the pulse output type, pulse rate, duration time.

From the Set-up menu, Use and to select the Pulse option.

5.5.1 Pulse output1

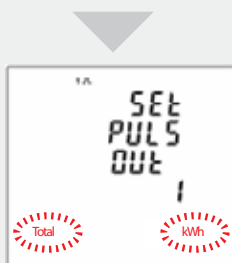


Pulse output 1 setting

Output type options: Total kwh, Import kwh, Export kwh, Total kVarh, Import kVarh, Export kVarh.

Default: Total import kWh

Long press to enter the PT Pulse Output 1 routine.



Example shows:

Pulse Output 1: Total kWh

Options: **Total kWh**, Total kVarh, Import kWh, Export kWh, Import kVarh, Export kVarh.

Long press , the setting will flash.

Use and to choose Options.

Long press for confirmation.

5.5.2 Pulse rate



Pulse rate options: 0.001 , 0.01 , 0.1 , 1, 10, 100, 1000 kWh / kVarh per Pulse
Default : 0.01 kWh (100imp/kWh)

Use and to select Pulse Rate option.

Long press the setting will flash.

Use and to choose Options.

Long press for confirmation.



Example shows:

Pulse rate: 0.01

5.5.3 Pulse Duration



Pulse Duration time option 200, 100, 60mS
Default : 100mS

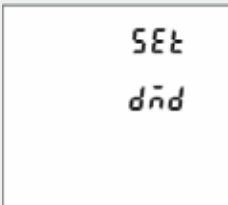
Use and to enter Pulse duration routine.

Long press , the setting will flash. Use and to choose Options.

And long press for confirmation.

Press to return the Pulse Duration set up menu.

5.6 Demand



This sets the period in minutes over which the current and power readings are integrated for maximum demand measurement.
The options are: OFF, 5, 8, 10, 15, 30 and 60 minutes.

From the Set-up menu, Use and to select the Demand option.

5.6.1 Demand interval time



The screen will show the currently selected interval time.
Default is 30

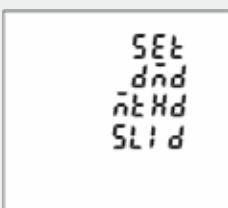
Long press to enter the DIT routine.

Press for 3s, the setting will flash.

Use and to choose Options.

Long press for confirmation.

5.6.2 Demand method



The screen shows the Demand calculation method: Fixed interval time or Sliding window.

Use and to enter Demand calculation method.



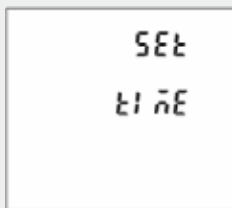
Long press to enter the routine.

The setting will flash. Use and to choose Options.

And long press for confirmation.

Press to return the Demand set up menu.

5.7 Back light display time setting.



This option sets the backlight on time and display scroll time.

From the Set-up menu, Use and to select the Time option.

5.7.1 Backlight time



The meter provides a function to set the time the back light is on.

Options: ON/OFF/5/10/30/60/120 minutes. Default: 60

Note: if it is set as ON, the backlit will always be on.

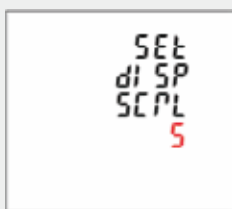
Long press to enter the Backlit time routine.

Long press , the setting will flash.

Use and to choose Options.

And long press for confirmation.

5.7.2 Display Scroll time



The meter provides a function to set the Display scroll time.

Options: 1~255s. Default: 5

Use and to select Display scroll time option.

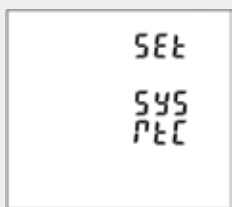
Long press , the setting will flash.

Use and to choose Options.

And Long press for confirmation.

Press to return the Time set up menu.

5.7.3 Set System RTC & Time



Long press To enter set RTC routine.

Press the year will flash. Use and to choose correct value.

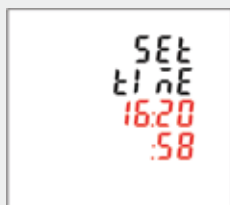
Press to confirm and move to month. Use and to choose

correct value. Press to select and move to day. Use and

to choose the correct value. Long press to confirm.

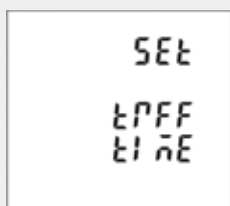
Press to enter SET TIME menu.



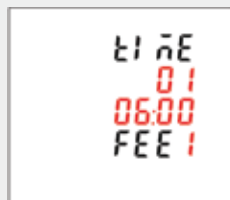


Press the hour will flash. Use and to choose correct value. Short press to confirm and move to minutes. Use and to choose correct value. Short press to confirm and move to seconds. Use and to choose the correct value. Long press to confirm. Press to return to the Set Time menu.

5.7.4 Set Tariff

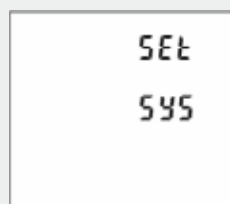


Long press to enter the Tariff Setting.



Long press , the time will flash. Use and to choose correct value. Press to confirm and move to tariff (fee). Use and to choose correct value 0-4. Long press to confirm. Press to return to the Set Tariff menu.

5.8 System (Network Connection)



The meter provides a function to set the Network connection.


Use this section to set the type of electrical system required.
Options: 3P4W (Default setting), 3P3W, 1P2W




From the Set-up menu, Use and to select the System option.

5.8.1 System Network



The screen shows the currently selected power supply is three phase four wire

Long press  to enter the System type routine.

Long press , the setting will flash. Use  and  to choose Options.

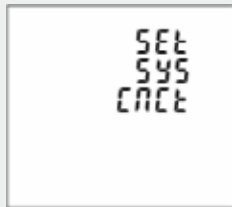
And Long press  for confirmation.





Example:

The screen shows the meter is currently set up to monitor a three phase three wire network.

5.8.2 System Connect (C.T correction)





This meter provides a function where you can adjust the current transformer connection internally via the front keys. Each phase can be altered.

Use  and  to select the correction option.



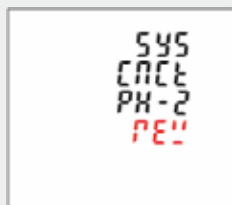
Options: Frd (forward) and rEv (reverse)


Long press  to enter the Phase 1 correction.


Long press , the setting will flash.

Use  and  to choose Options.

Long press  for confirmation.

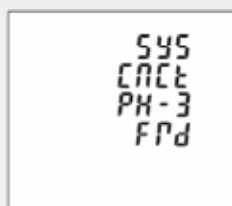



Press  enter Phase 2 correction.


Long press , the setting will flash.

Use  and  to choose Options.

Long press  for confirmation.



Press  enter Phase 3 correction.

Long press , the setting will flash.

Use  and  to choose Options.

Long press  for confirmation. Press  to return the System set up menu.

5.8.3 Change password



This meter provides a function with password setting.
Default: 1000
Options: 0000~9999

Use and to select the change password option.



Long press , the setting will flash.

Use or to increment the number.

Press to choose options.

Long press for confirmation.

5.8.4 Automatic display scroll



This meter provides a function with automatic display scroll setting.
Options: on and off
There are two ways:
First way.

Use and to select the automatic display scroll option.

Long press , the setting will flash.

Use and to choose options "On" or "Off".

Long press for confirmation.



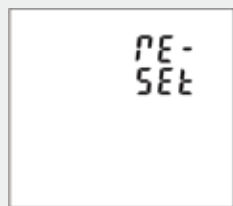
Second way
Escape the Setting menu.

Long press .


For example,
The screen shows the currently selected Automatic Scroll display ON.
To switch to off:

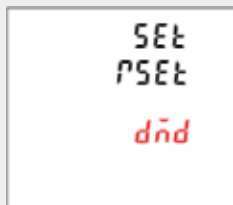
Long press , then the screen shows the currently selected Automatic Scroll display OFF.

5.9 Demand reset




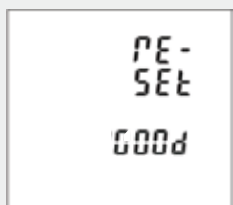
This meter provides a manual reset of the various demands available.

Long press  to enter Demand Reset routine.




Long press , dnd will flash.

Long press  to confirm the reset.



The display will show Re-set Good. This acknowledges the reset is confirmed.


Press  twice to return to the main display.

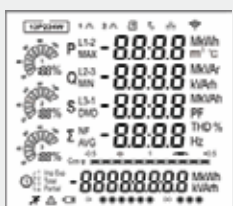
5.10 Meter programming check



To check the settings which have been programmed into the meter.

Long press  Modbus Address.

Short press  to scroll through the other settings:



Baud Rate

Parity

Primary current transformer ratio (c. .t 1)

Secondary current transformer ratio (c.t. 2)

Meter serial number, 7 day program time

Date and Time

Tariff 1-8

Full test icons on display

6. Specification

6.1 Measured Parameters

The unit can monitor and display the following parameters of a 1 phase 2 wire, 3-phase 3-wire or 3-phase 4-wire supply.

6.1.1 Voltage and Current

Rated Voltage Input: 3x230/400V 50Hz
 Installation Category III (600V)
 Rated Current: 5A
 Current input range: 5%~120% I_b
 Percentage total voltage harmony distortion (THD %) for each phase to N
 Percentage current harmonic distortion for each phase
 Current on each phase

6.1.2 Power factor and Frequency and Maximum Demand

Frequency in Hz (45~66Hz)
 Instantaneous power: Power 0 to 9999MW
 Reactive Power: 0 to 9999MVar
 Volt-amps: 0 to 9999 MVA
 Maximum demanded power from last reset.
 Maximum demand current, from last reset (three phase supplies only)

6.1.3 Energy Measurements

Imported active energy..... 0 to 99999999.9 kWh
 Exported active energy..... 0 to 99999999.9 kWh
 Imported reactive energy..... 0 to 99999999.9 kVarh
 Exported reactive energy..... 0 to 99999999.9 kVarh
 Total active energy..... 0 to 99999999.9 kWh
 Total reactive energy..... 0 to 99999999.9 kVarh

6.1.4 Accuracy

- Voltage VL-N..... 0.5%
- Voltage VL-L..... 0.5%
- Current..... 0.5%
- Frequency..... 0.1
- Active power..... 0.5%
- Apparent power..... 0.5%
- Reactive power..... 1%
- Power factor..... 0.01
- Active energy..... EN50470-1/-3 Class C and Class B IEC62053-21 Cl.1 or IEC62053-22 Cl.0.5S
- Reactive energy..... IEC62053-23 CL.2
- THD..... 1%

6.1.5 Display

- Liquid crystal display with backlit (360° Full viewing angles)
- 4 lines, 4 digits per line to show electrical parameters
- 5th line, 8 digits to show energy
- Bar graph for power indication
- Display update time: 1 sec. for all parameters
- Display scrolling: automatic or manual (Programmable)

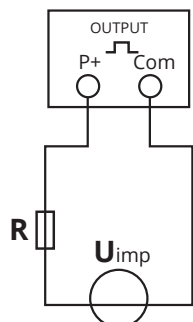
6.1.6 Pulse Output

The pulse outputs can be set to generate pulses to represent kWh/kVarh

Pulse constant: 0.001/0.01/0.1/1/10/100/1000 kWh or kVarh per Pulse

Pulse width: 200/100/60 Ms.

The pulse output is passive type, complies with IEC62053-31 Class A.



ATTENTION: Pulse output must be fed as shown in the wiring diagram below. Scrupulously respect polarities and the connection mode. Opto-coupler with potential-free SPST-No Contact.
Contact range: 5~27VDC Max. current Input: 27mADC

6.1.7 Modbus RTU

Interface standard and protocol: RS485 and MODBUS RTU

Communication address: 1~247

Transmission mode: Half duplex

Data type: Floating point

Transmission distance: 1000m Maximum

Transmission speed: 1200bps~38400bps

Parity: None, Odd, Even

Response time: <100 MS

For Modbus RTU, the following RS485 communication parameters can be configured from the Set-up menu:

Baud rate 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400

Parity none/odd/even

RS485 network address – 3-digit number, 001 to 247

Autometers Default Setting:

Baud rate: 9600

Parity: Even

Stop bits: 1

FT: High word first

6.1.8 Dimensions and Material

The meter is a 96 x 96 mm panel mounted meter with a depth of 70mm

The cut out hole for the panel meter is 92 x 92 mm.

■ Manufactured in Self-extinguishing UL 94 V-0

6.2 Environment

Operating temperature..... -25°C to +55°C

Storage temperature..... -40°C to +70°C

Relative humidity..... 0 to 95%, non-condensing

Altitude..... <2000 meters

Vibration..... 10Hz to 50Hz, IEC 60068-2-6, 2g

Pollution degree..... II

Protection against dust and water... IP51(indoor)

Mechanical environment..... M1

EMC environment..... E1

7. Maintenance

In normal use, little maintenance is needed. As appropriate for service conditions, isolate electrical power, inspect the unit and remove any dust or other foreign material present. Periodically check all connections for freedom from corrosion and screw tightness, particularly if vibration is present.

The front of the case should be wiped with a dry cloth only. Use minimal pressure, especially over the viewing window area. If necessary wipe the rear case with a dry cloth. If a cleaning agent is necessary, isopropyl alcohol is the only recommended agent and should be used sparingly. Water should not be used. If the rear case exterior or terminals should be contaminated accidentally with water, the unit must be returned to Autometers Systems Ltd for inspection and testing.

8. Installation

The meter may be mounted in a panel with a maximum thickness of 3 mm. Leave enough space behind the instrument to allow for bends in the connection cables. The unit is intended for use in a reasonably stable ambient temperature within the range -25°C to +55°C. Do not fit the meter where there is excessive vibration or in excessive direct sunlight.

Please note terminal covers should be fitted and sealed.

See connection diagram page 21, 22.

8.1 Safety

The unit is designed in accordance with IEC 61010-1:2010 – Permanently connected use, Normal condition. Installation category III, pollution degree 2, basic insulation for rated voltage.

9. Electrician.

The HT-1095 panel meter should only be installed by a fully qualified electrician who has knowledge of electricity meters connected with current transformers.

It is the installer who is fully responsible for the safe installation of this meter. It must be installed to meet the current electrical regulations concerning installation of panel meters.

10. EMC Installation Requirements

Whilst this unit complies with all relevant EU EMC (electro-magnetic compatibility) regulations, any additional precautions necessary to provide proper operation of this and adjacent equipment will be installation dependent and so the following can only be general guidance: Avoid routing wiring to this unit alongside cables and products that are, or could be, a source of interference.

The auxiliary supply to the unit should not be subject to excessive interference. In some cases, a supply line filter may be required.

To protect the product against incorrect operation or permanent damage, surge transients must be controlled. It is good EMC practice to suppress transients and surges at the source. The unit has been designed to automatically recover from typical transients; however in extreme circumstances it may be necessary to temporarily disconnect the auxiliary supply for a period of greater than 10 seconds to restore correct operation.

Screened communication leads are recommended and may be required. These and other connecting leads may require the fitting of RF suppression components, such as ferrite absorbers, line filters etc., if RF fields cause problems.

It is good practice to install sensitive electronic instruments that are performing critical functions in EMC enclosures that protect against electrical interference causing a disturbance in function.



WARNING

- During normal operation, voltages hazardous to life may be present at some of the terminals of this unit. Installation and servicing should be performed only by qualified, properly trained personnel abiding by local regulations. Ensure all supplies are de-energized before attempting connection or other procedures.
- Terminals should not be user accessible after installation and external installation provisions must be sufficient to prevent hazards under fault conditions.
- This unit is not intended to function as part of a system providing the sole means of fault protection - good engineering practice dictates that any critical function be protected by at least two independent and diverse means.
- The unit does not have internal fuses therefore external fuses must be used for protection and safety under fault conditions.
- Never open-circuit the secondary winding of an energized current transformer.
- This product should only be operated with CT secondary connections Earthed.
- If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Auxiliary circuits (communication & relay outputs) are separated from metering inputs and 110-400V auxiliary circuits by at least basic insulation. Such auxiliary circuit terminals are only suitable for connection to equipment which has no user accessible live parts. The insulation for such auxiliary circuits must be rated for the highest voltage connected to the instrument and suitable for single fault condition. The connection at the remote end of such auxiliary circuits should not be accessible in normal use. Depending on application, equipment connected to auxiliary circuits may vary widely.

II. Dimensions

The meter is a 96 x 96 mm panel mounted meter with a depth of 70mm

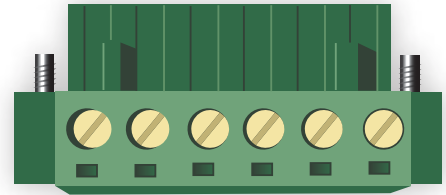
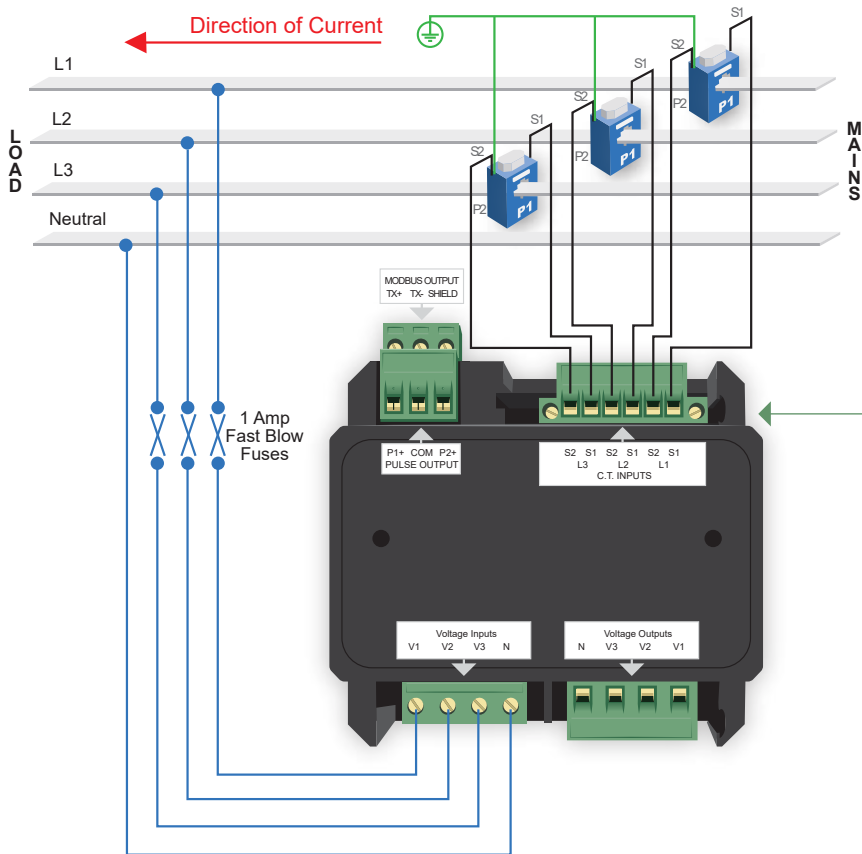
The cut out hole for the panel meter is 92 x 92 mm.



12. Wiring Diagram

It is imperative that the current transformers are of the correct accuracy, fitted correctly and the meter is programmed to match the current transformers ratio.

3 phase 4 wire



The back of the meter shows the green connections where the cables must be wired into, each separate green connector is a plug and socket.

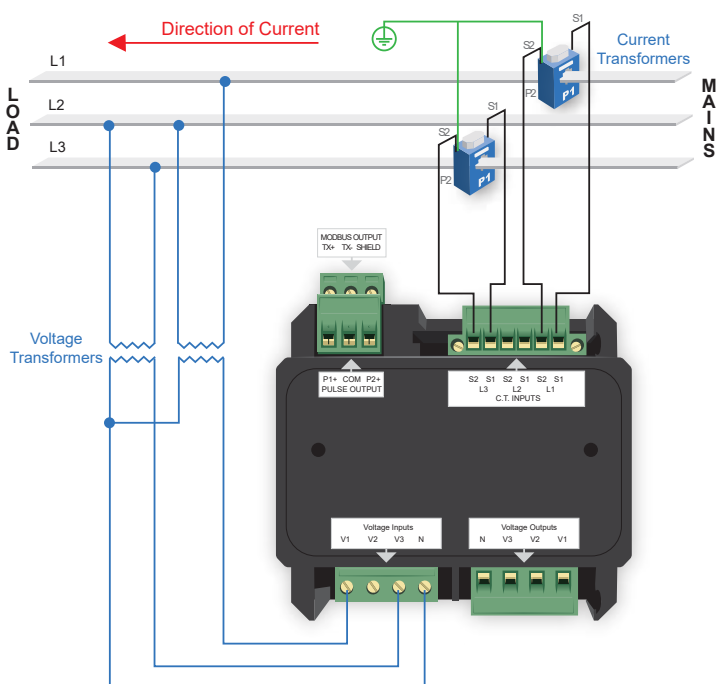
The plugs can be removed by simply pulling them out of the socket.

The current transformer plug has retaining screws so it can not be pulled out by mistake. This must always be screwed in when complete.

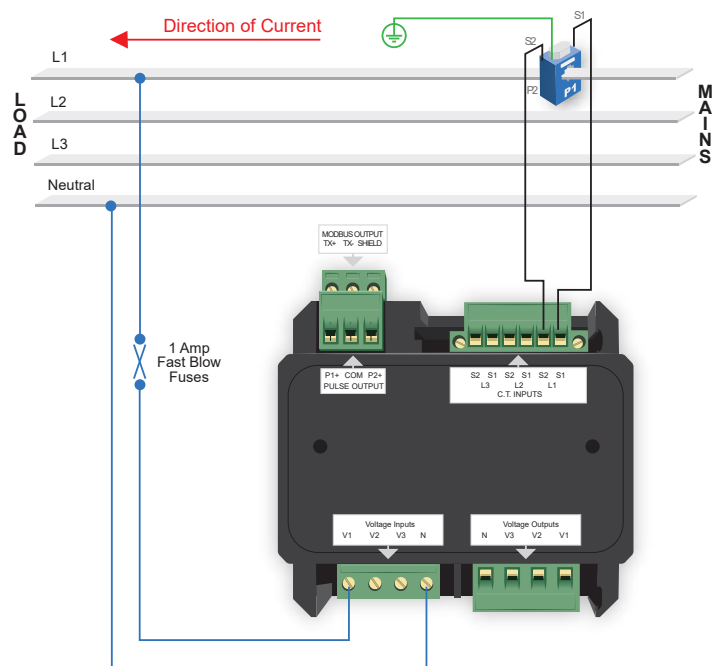
Under no circumstances can any of the green plugs be pulled out when there is power on the meter.

Never leave a current transformer open circuit.

3 phase 3 wire high voltage using VTs



1 phase 2 wire



13. Metal enclosures for the HT-1095

Autometers now manufacture a number of metal enclosures for the full range of meters it supplies.

The New UE-1 enclosure is the latest design for the range of Autometers panel meters.

The enclosure consists of a fuse and shorting terminal arrangement all pre wired to the meter inside the enclosure.

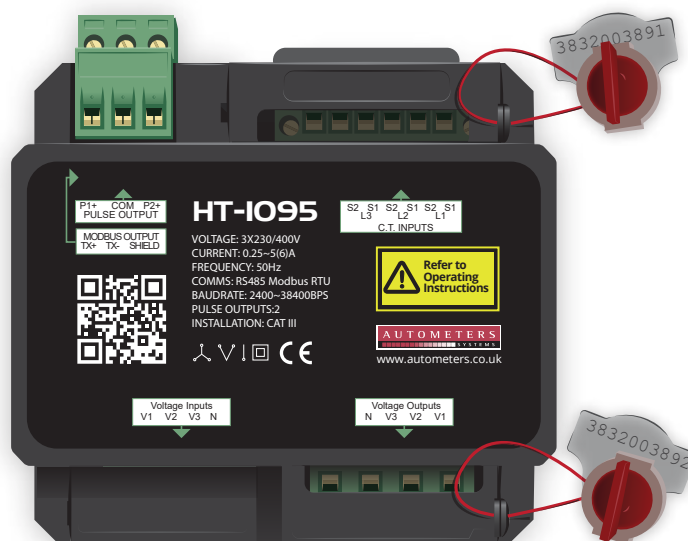
UE-1 Enclosure



14. Sealing Points

Picture showing sealing points for the HT-1095 meter.

Seals must be fitted at these points to fully comply to the MID specifications.



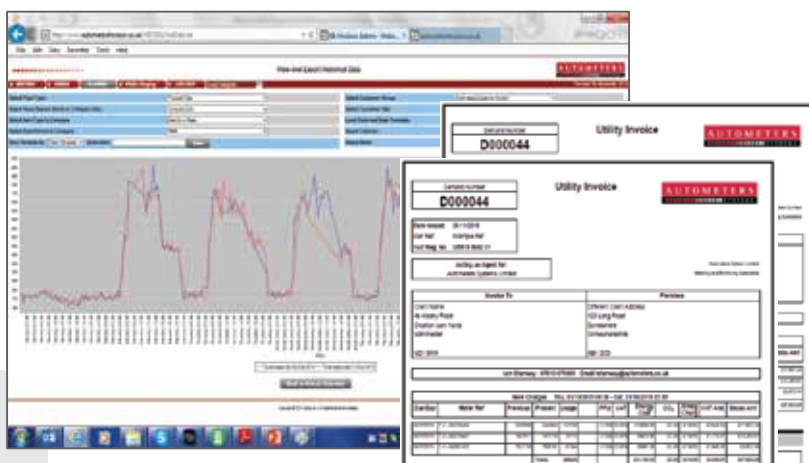
Declaration of Conformity for the HT-1095 Panel Meter.

We, Autometers Systems Ltd, declare under our sole responsibility as the manufacturer of the HT-1095 that the three phase four wire multifunction electrical energy meter "HT-1095" series correspond to the production model described in the EU-type examination certificate and to the requirements of the directive 2014/32/EU type examination certificate number 0120/SGS0308. Identification number of the NB0120.

15. The Autometers Universal Gateway (AUG) with the new HT-IO95



RS 485 Modbus Communication to enable full data retrieval of kWh for Graphic analysis and Billing



The AUG is a surface mounted GPRS enabled data collection device capable of storing information from up to 350 meters via 3 separate LANS

2 x Modbus – up to 127 meters on 1000 metres of Belden 9841 cable.
1 x M-bus – up to 100 devices on 1000 metres of Belcom 410P1824 cable.

The AUG is powered from either the HS-PS7 or PS13



to the next meter

Communications shield continuous

Belden 9841 or Equal Cable Screened Twisted pair with full Coax shielding for RS 485 Modbus connection.

Red.....TX+ , Black...TX- , Green...Shield



HORIZON

Product development is continuous and Autometers Systems Limited reserves the right to make alterations and manufacture without notice. Products as delivered may therefor differ from the descriptions and illustrations in this publication

Ref. HT-1095.04.2022



Autometers Systems Ltd.
4B Albany Road, Chorlton-cum-Hardy
Manchester M21 0AW
Email: sales@autometers.co.uk
Phone: 00(44) 0161 861 9056
Fax: 0161 881 3745
www.autometers.co.uk

